Please Read: We encourage all teachers to modify the materials to meet the needs of their students. To create a version of this document that you can edit:

- 1. Make sure you are signed into a Google account when you are on the resource.
- 2. Go to the "File" pull down menu in the upper left hand corner and select "Make a Copy." This will give you a version of the document that you own and can modify.



Teacher Overview: What effect has population growth and globalization had on the environment? How might changes in the environment affect us?

Go directly to student-facing materials!

Unit Essential Question(s): Do the benefits of globalization outweigh the costs? | Link to Unit



Supporting Question(s): What effect has population growth and globalization had on the environment? How might changes in the environment affect us?

Objective(s):

- **Describe** the effects that population growth and globalization have had on the environment.
- **Explain** how the effects were caused by population growth and globalization.
- Explain how the effects on the environment might affect people in the future.

Alignment to State Standards

NYS Social Studies Framework:

| THE COOK Statistics of Tallier Control of the Contr | | |
|--|--|---|
| Key Idea | Conceptual Understandings | Content Specifications |
| 10.9 GLOBALIZATION AND A CHANGING GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT (1990–PRESENT): Technological changes have resulted in a more interconnected world, affecting economic and political relations and in some cases leading to conflict and in others to efforts to cooperate. Globalization and population pressures have led to strains on the environment. (Standards: 2, 3, 4, 5; Themes: MOV, TCC, GEO, GOV, ECO, TECH, EXCH) | 10.9b Globalization is contentious, supported by some and criticized by others. 10.9c Population pressures, industrialization, and urbanization have increased demands for limited natural resources and food resources, often straining the environment. | Students will compare and contrast arguments supporting and criticizing globalization by examining concerns including • economic development and inequality (e.g., access to water, food, education, health care, energy) • migration and labor Students will examine strains on the environment, such as threats to wildlife and degradation of the physical environment (i.e., desertification, deforestation and pollution) due to population growth, industrialization, and urbanization. |

Social Studies Practices

NYS Social Studies Practices

Gathering, Using, and Interpreting Evidence (A1, A2, A5, A7) Chronological Reasoning and Causation (B1, B3) Comparison and Contextualization (C1, C3, C5, C6) Geographic Reasoning (D1, D3, D5, D6)

Common Core State Standards

Depending on how you structure your lesson, you may address different standards. Below, are the standards that we believe are most important for this lesson.

| Reading | | Writing | Speaking and Listening |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|
| Key Ideas and Details: CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.9-10.2: or information of a primary or secon accurate summary of how key even course of the text. | ndary source; provide an | Text Types & Purposes: CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.WHST.9-10.1: Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. | Comprehension and Collaboration: CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1: Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9-10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. |
| Craft and Structure: CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.9-10.4: words and phrases as they are used vocabulary describing political, sochistory/social science. | d in a text, including | | |
| Integration of Knowledge and Ide CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.9-10.7: technical analysis (e.g., charts, rese analysis in print or digital text. | Integrate quantitative or | | |
| CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RH.9-10.9: treatments of the same topic in sev sources. | • | | |

Objective:

What effect has population growth and globalization had on the environment? How might changes in the environment affect us?

- **Describe** the effects that population growth and globalization have had on the environment.
- Explain how the effects were caused by population growth and globalization.
- Explain how the effects on the environment might affect people in the future.

Introduction

Directions: Respond to the prompts below with what you know or have heard about climate change.

CLIMATE CHANGE

| What is it? | What causes it? | What are the effects of it? |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Activity: What effect has population growth and globalization had on the environment? How might changes in the environment affect us?

→ **Directions**: As you examine the following issues, answer the accompanying questions and use the information to fill in your <u>Effects of Globalization Graphic Organizer</u>.

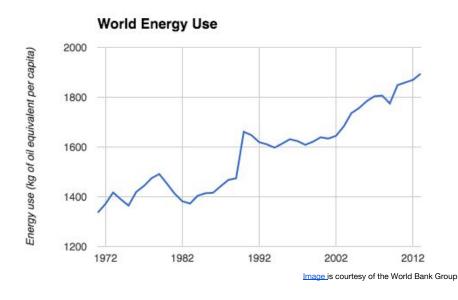
Issue #1: Climate Change

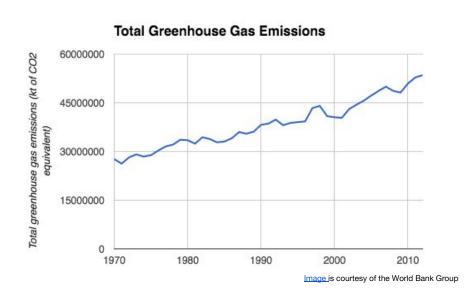
Climate change is a long-term increase in the Earth's overall temperature which will have massive and permanent ramifications for life on the planet. It is primarily caused by human activity which has resulted in an increase of greenhouse gas emissions, which when released, heat the Earth.

Population growth and globalization have contributed to an increase in greenhouse gas emissions because **most processes used** to generate the energy needed and the processes for providing food (particularly livestock) for a growing population with greater wealth, generates greenhouse gas emissions.



Watch this video from National Geographic, entitled, "Climate Change 101 with Bill Nye".

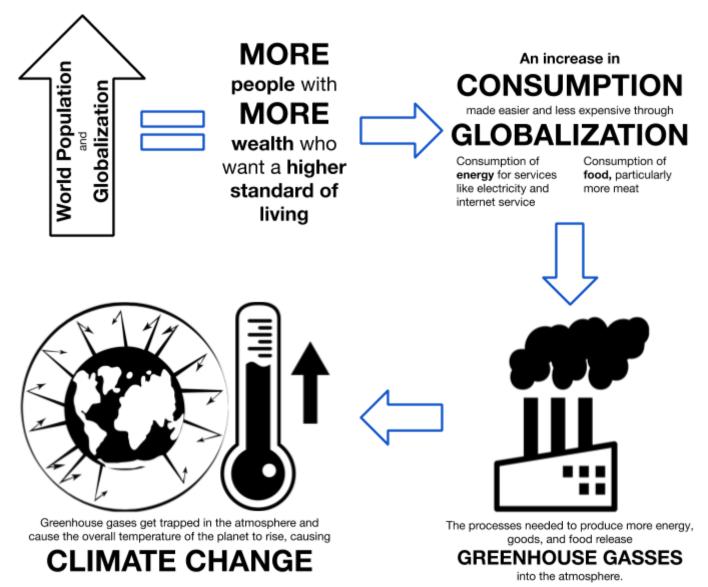




How is climate change linked with population growth and globalization?



Watch this video from Crash Course, entitled, "Globalization II- Good or Bad?" (6:05-7:14), read the diagram below, and answer the questions that follow.



Sources: Global Warming icon by Mark S Waterhouse from the Noun Project, https://thenounproject.com/term/global-warming/229900/; Air Pollution icon by Esther Se.Kim from the Noun Project, https://thenounproject.com/term/global-warming/447632/; Air Pollution icon by Esther Se.Kim from the Noun Project, https://thenounproject.com/term/global-warming/447632/; Thermometer measuring ascending temperature icon, Freepik, https://thenounproject.com/term/global-warming/447632/; Thermome

| 2. What causes climate change? |
|--------------------------------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| erature continues to rise? |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| globalization |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Issue #2: Water Scarcity

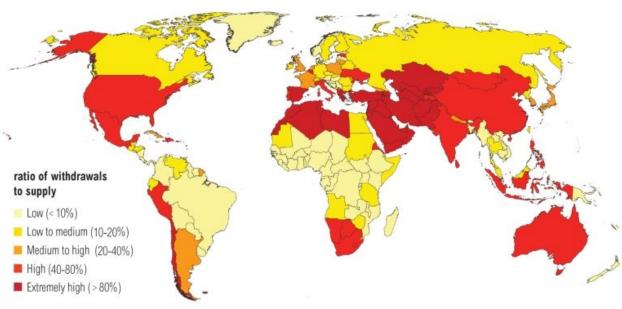


Watch this video from the World Bank, entitled, "High and Dry: Climate Change Increases Water Risks, Hampers Growth", examine the map below, and answer the questions that follow.

A 2016 World Bank Group report entitled "High and Dry: Climate Change, Water, and the Economy," notes that "growing populations, rising incomes, and expanding cities will converge upon a world where the demand for water rises exponentially, while supply becomes more erratic and uncertain." The report states that the freshwater needs of an expanding population that uses more energy and requires the expansion of agriculture to feed it "could reduce water availability in cities by as much as two thirds by 2040" if water management strategies continue as they are today. All of this, according to the report, is affected by climate change which can cause "water-related shocks" where there is very little water in some regions and too much water in others, causing massive flooding. In addition, the report cautions that changes in water availability and variability could lead to migration to places with more fresh water and conflict over freshwater sources, stating that "in a globalized and connected world, such problems are impossible to quarantine."

10&isAll For more: ow.ly/RiWop owed=v

Water Stress by Country: 2040



NOTE: Projections are based on a business-as-usual scenario using SSP2 and RCP8.5.

WORLD RESOURCES INSTITUTE
Image is courtesy of The World Resources institute

| 1. Based on the video and text above, why might there be water scarcity in the future? | 2. Based on the map above, which regions of the world might be most affected by water stress in 2040? Which regions might be less affected? |
|--|---|
| | |
| | |
| 3. What might be the effects of water scarcity in the future if water r | nanagement methods are not improved? |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 4. Explain the link between water scarcity and | |
| population growth | globalization |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Issue #3: Food Security

In a report last updated in March, 2016, the World Bank expressed the need for food that the world will face as a result of population growth in the face of the environment effects of globalization and climate change:

The world needs to produce at least 50% more food to feed 9 billion people by 2050. But climate change could cut crop yields by more than 25%. The land, biodiversity, oceans, forests, and other forms of natural capital are being depleted at unprecedented rates. Unless we change how we grow our food and manage our natural capital, food security—especially for the world's poorest—will be at risk.

Already, volatile food prices—and the price spikes that can result—are the new normal. When faced with high food prices, many poor families cope by pulling their children out of school and eating cheaper, less nutritious food. This can have severe life-long effects on the social, physical, and mental well-being of millions of young people. Malnutrition contributes to infant, child, and maternal illness; decreased learning capacity; lower productivity, and higher mortality. One-third of all child deaths globally are attributed to under-nutrition.

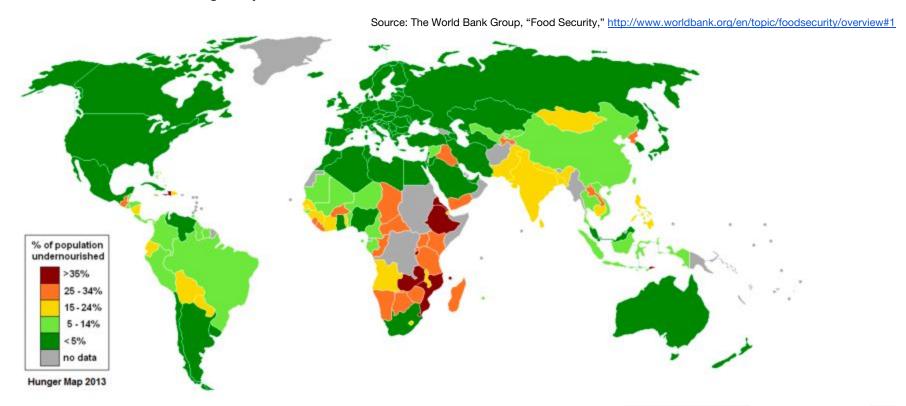


Image is courtesy of wikimedia commons licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 Unported license.

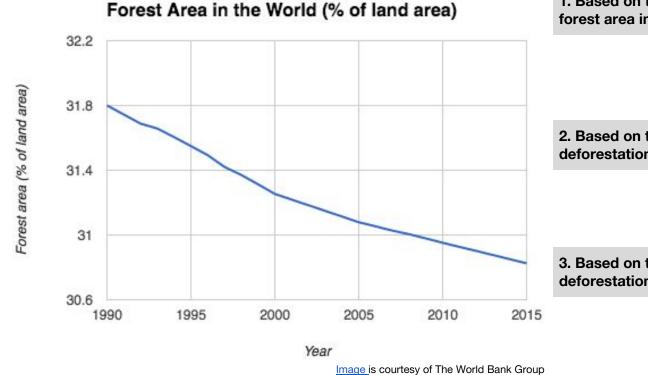
| 1. Based on the excerpt from the World Bank report above, why might food security "be at risk" in the future? | 2. What have been the effects of a lack of food security in the world thus far? |
|---|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 3. Based on the map above, which regions of the world are most pro | one to under nourishment? Which regions are not? |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 4. Explain the link between a lack of food security and | |
| population growth | globalization |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Issue #4: Deforestation

Deforestation is the process of cutting down forests.



Watch this video from CNN, entitled, <u>"CNN Explains: Deforestation"</u>, examine the graph below, and answer the questions the follow.



1. Based on the graph to the left, describe the trend in forest area in the world.

2. Based on the CNN video, what are the causes of deforestation?

3. Based on the CNN video, what are the effects of deforestation?

4. Explain the link between deforestation and...

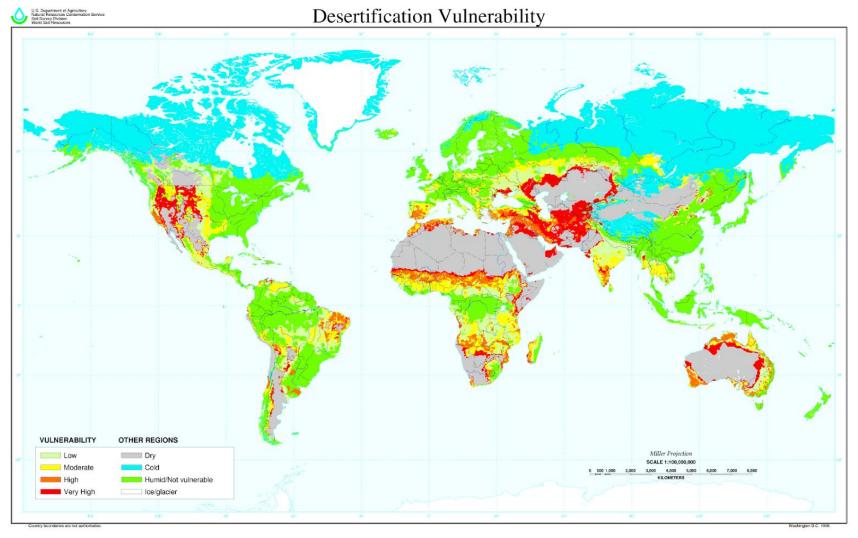
population growth globalization

Issue #5: Desertification

Desertification is the process that turns fertile land in arid (dry) climates into soil that cannot be used to farm, like a desert. Desertification is caused by human activities and climate change.



Watch this video from the Good Planet Foundation, entitled, "Desertification", examine the map, and answer the questions below.



Global Desertification Vulnerability Map

| 1. What is desertification? | 2. What causes desertification? |
|---|---|
| | |
| 3. Explain the link between desertification and | |
| population growth | globalization |
| | |
| 4. The narrator in the Good Planet Foundation video states that "desertification affects all mankind." Why is that? | 5. What can people do to prevent desertification in the future? |
| | |

Issue #6: Migration

Throughout history, people have migrated in pursuit of better ways of life, for more food, and for safety from wars and disasters. Many believe that as a result of the environmental effects of population growth and globalization, there may be even more migrations in the future. People might be migrating from places where desertification has destroyed the land to places where the land is more fertile. They may migrate from places with little fresh water to places where there is much of it, or they may be migrating to escape conflicts caused by others fighting over fertile land and freshwater. A new category of migrant is being called a "climate refugee," which is a person migrating from a place that has been affected by climate change and that people can no longer live in. The video linked below includes the stories of some of the first climate refugees who have to leave their island nations in the Pacific Ocean because the rise in sea water levels caused by climate change are putting their homes under water.

If migration continues to increase because of the environmental effects of globalization and population growth, those regions where the migrants want to settle will have to make decisions about who to admit, how many people will be permitted to enter, and how to provide for them and integrate them into their societies.



Watch this video from Seeker Stories, entitled, <u>"The World's First Climate Refugees"</u>, examine the map, and answer the questions below.

| 1. Why might there be more migration in the future? | 2. What effects might migration have on the migrants and those who live where they are migrating to? |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |
| 3. Explain the link between migration and | |
| population growth | globalization |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |



SQ 7: What effect has population growth and globalization had on the environment? How might changes in the environment affect us?

→ **Directions:** Using evidence from the documents above, respond to the task below in the space provided.

Identify **three** effects that population growth and globalization have had on the environment and for each:

- **Describe** the effect.
- **Explain** how the effect is caused by population growth and globalization.
- Explain how the effect on the environment might affect people in the future.